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DIMSIOM OF MARKET REGULATION



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

CIGURANES AND EXCHANCE COMMISSION ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT AUG 0 9 2004 FORM X-17A-5

PARTIII

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_		AND ENDING1	2/31/03	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. REG	SISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	ION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
FBR Investment Services, Inc. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		o.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
4922 Fairmont Avenue				
	(No. and Street)			
Bethesda	MD	20	20814	
(City)	(State)	(Zi	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Janelle R. Schutt	RSON TO CONTACT IN REGA	ARD TO THIS REPO	ORT .9747	
		()	Area Code – Telephone Number)	
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIFICAT	TION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained in this	Report*		
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP				
	(Name – if individual, state last, first, m	iddle name)		
250 West Pratt Street	Baltimore	MD	21201	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSED	
Certified Public Accountant			الم ال الم المحتود المحتوم المنذ يحقو المالي المتن المحتو	
☐ Public Accountant			S AUG 2 0 2004	
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its possession	ns.	THOMSON FINANCIAL	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	,		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Janelle R. Schutt	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial FBR Investment Services, Inc.	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of, as
	, 2003, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that cipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	Signature Signature
	Chief Financial Officer Title
Notary Public	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and una consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	y or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. ated to Claims of Creditors. equirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain	portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).
Commonwealth/State of Vymr The foregoing instrument was solmowledged before me this 10th day of February Down by (name of porter positing poknowledgement) Note: State (name of porter positing poknowledgement) Note: State (name of porter positing poknowledgement)	

FBR Investment Services, Inc.

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December 31, 2003

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 250 W. Pratt St. Suite 2100 Baltimore MD 21201-2304 Telephone (410) 783 7600 Facsimile (410) 783 7680

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of FBR Investments Services, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FBR Investments Services, Inc. (the "Company") at December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit of this statement in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Baltimore, Maryland February 4, 2004

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Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 894,064	
Receivables	•	
Affiliates	8,655,422	
Clearing broker	22,448	
Other	583,399	
Investment securities, at fair value	3,300	
Furniture, equipment, software, and leasehold improvements,		
net of accumulated depreciation and amortization		
of \$8,065,881	15,483	
Prepaid expenes and other assets	77,631	_
Total assets	\$ 10,251,747	_
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity Liabilities		-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 466,997	
Accrued compensation and benefits	70,000	
Payable to affiliates	121,787	
Total liabilities	658,784	
Stockholder's equity Common stock, \$1 par value, 2,000 shares authorized,		
1,000 shares issued and outstanding	1,000	
Additional paid-in capital	24,048,990	
Accumulated deficit	(14,457,027))
Total stockholder's equity	9,592,963	_
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 10,251,747	_

1. Organization and Nature of Business

FBR Investment Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Company operates as an online investment bank and electronic brokerage as well as a distributor of related mutual funds. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of FBR TRS Holdings, Inc. ("FBR TRS Holdings"), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Friedman, Billings, Ramsey Group, Inc. ("FBR Group").

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than 90 days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Securities Transactions

The Company acts as an introducing broker executing transactions for customers and forwarding all such transactions to a clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company neither holds funds or securities for, nor owes funds or securities to, customers.

Underwriting and Corporate Finance

Underwriting revenues represent fees earned from public offerings and securities in which the Company acts as underwriter or selling group member. These revenues are comprised of selling concessions, underwriting fees, and management fees which are recorded as revenue at the time the underwriting is completed. Corporate finance revenues represent fees earned from private placement offerings and are recorded as revenue at the time of the placement is completed.

Agency Commissions

Agency commissions consist of commissions earned from executing stock exchange-listed securities and OTC transactions as an agent. Revenues generated from securities transactions and the related commission income and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

12b-1 Fees

12b-1 fee revenues are mutual fund distribution fees paid to the Company on a quarterly basis based on the mutual fund's monthly average net assets.

Affiliated mutual funds have adopted a distribution plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act which allows the funds to pay distribution fees for the sale, advertising, marketing and distribution of their shares. Under these plans, each mutual fund pays a distribution fee at an annual rate of up to 0.25% of the fund's average daily net assets. The fees are then redistributed to outside parties and are included in 12b-1 fee expense.

Depreciation and Amortization

Furniture, equipment, and software are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of three to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvements or the term of the lease.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Receivable from Clearing Broker

The Company clears all of its proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The amount receivable from the clearing broker represents cash on hand with the clearing broker plus proceeds from unsettled securities sold and less amounts payable for unsettled securities purchased by the Company.

4. Related-Party Transactions

The Company is a member of an operating group of affiliates that may provide or receive services to and from each other. From time to time, FBR Group and other affiliates may record costs, which, in part, may be based on the Company's operations. Accordingly, the statement of financial condition and results of operations may not necessarily be indicative of the financial position and operations that would have existed had the company been operated as an unaffiliated corporation.

The receivable from affiliates represents income tax benefits recorded on a separate company basis that are due from FBR TRS Holdings in accordance with the tax sharing arrangement (see Note 7).

On a monthly basis, the Company reimburses FBR Group for its share of compensation that FBR Group pays employees. This amount is presented as a payable to affiliates.

5. Office Furniture, Equipment, Software and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment, software and leasehold improvements, summarized by major classification at December 31, 2003 were:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 457,683
Software	7,610,698
Leasehold improvements	 12,983
	 8,081,364
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	 8,065,881
	\$ 15,483

6. Capital Contributions

During 2003, FBR Group made capital contributions of \$1,100,000 in order for the Company to maintain compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's broker-dealer requirements.

7. Income Taxes

The Company files consolidated federal and state tax returns with FBR TRS Holding, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Pursuant to FBR Group's written tax sharing agreement, the Company determines its income tax expense or benefit on a separate company basis and the tax sharing agreement further provides that any tax benefits or expenses are ultimately receivable from or payable to FBR TRS Holdings. In accordance with the tax sharing agreement, FBR TRS Holdings will reimburse the related entities for any tax benefits recorded on a separate company basis when utilized in the consolidated return

At December 31, 2003, receivable from affiliates included a net deferred tax asset of \$14,538. The sources and amounts of the net deferred tax asset included deferred tax assets relating to depreciation and amortization of \$14,538.

8. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Company functions as an introducing broker that places and executes customer orders. The orders are settled by an unrelated clearing broker that also maintains custody of customer securities and provides financing to customers. Through an indemnification provision in the Company's agreement with its clearing broker, the Company's customer activities may expose it to off-balance-sheet credit risk. The Company may have to reimburse the clearing broker for losses incurred at prevailing market prices in the event the customer fails to settle a trade according to its original terms or in the event cash and securities in customer margin accounts are not sufficient to fully cover customer losses.

The Company clears all of its securities transactions through a clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreements between the Company and the clearing broker, the clearing broker has the right to charge the Company for losses that result from a counterparty's failure to fulfill its contractual obligations.

As the right to charge the Company has no maximum amount and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Company believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right. At December 31, 2003, the Company has recorded no liabilities with regard to the right. During 2003, the Company incurred no loss related to these guarantees.

In addition, the Company has the right to pursue collection or performance from the counterparties who do not perform under their contractual obligations. The Company monitors the credit standing of the clearing broker and all counterparties with which it conducts business.

The securities industry is subject to numerous risks, including the risk of loss associated with underwriting and the risk of reduced revenues in periods of reduced demand for security offerings and activity in secondary trading markets.

Positions taken and commitments made by the Company in connection with its investment banking activities may involve significant exposure to individual issuers and industry sectors, including non-investment grade securities which have low trading volumes. This may expose the Company to a higher degree of risk than is associated with investment grade instruments.

A substantial portion of the Company's revenues in any given year may be derived from a small number of investment banking transactions or may be concentrated in a particular industry.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2003, the Company was not a defendant or plaintiff in any lawsuit or arbitration that was expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition. However, the Company is subject to regulatory oversight relating to its various businesses, including examination by regulatory bodies and requests for information relating to such examinations. There can be no assurance that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations in a future period.

Many aspects of the Company's business involve substantial risks of liability and litigation. Underwriters and broker-dealers are exposed to liability under Federal and state securities laws, other Federal and state laws and court decisions, including decisions with respect to underwriters' liability and limitations or indemnification, as well as with respect to the handling of customer accounts. For example, underwriters may be held liable for material misstatements or omissions of fact in a prospectus used in connection with the securities being offered and broker-dealers may be held liable for statements made by their securities analysts or other personnel. In certain circumstances, broker-dealers may also be held liable by customers and clients for losses sustained on investments. In recent years, there has been an increasing incidence of litigation involving the securities industry, including class actions that seek substantial damages. The Company is subject to the risk of litigation, including litigation that may be without merit. As the Company intends to actively defend such litigation, significant legal expenses could be incurred. An adverse resolution of any future litigation against the Company could materially affect the Company's operating results and financial condition.

10. Net Capital Computation

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule ("Rule 15c3-1"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$249,815, which was \$149,815 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 2.64 to 1 at December 31, 2003.

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 because all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.